Establishing of Steamship Lines Between Southern Ports and South America.

SECRETARY BLAINE'S CINCINNATI BOOM.

Presidency Virginia Crop Report for

crop report for April contains the fol-rwith regard to wheat. Virginia. The ion of the soil was generally favorable ling and germination of winter wheat, was some complaint of rain in the early of the Disease—Journalist Frolic, was healthy. Excessive cold weather root to the post of the Disease—Journalist Frolic, as healthy. Excessive cold weather root to the hottom lands it is been injuried by the wet. Wherever this vere weather has prevailed to any extent in a larger wheat-growing counities a good of the post few days on account of the discoverection from show has prevented the next from being frozen out to any appreciate the worrying has been done in the countries of the worrying has been done in the countries of the worrying has been done.

In North Carolina the fall was very favorable for seeding and germination of winter grain. The stand was good and the growth normal where not too wet. While the weather during the past winter has been very wet, it has at no time been excessively cold.

In Virginia, although live stock has suffered more this year from exposure than last, their condition is fairly good. As epidemic discusses are reported of an unusual character. A few sporadic oases of "murrain." black leg, etc. are reported, and hog cholera, while not epidemic, has been severe in some localities. Dogs have been the main cause of death among sheep. The cold rains at the time of lambing caused considerable loss.

In North Carolina live stock wintered in better condition than usual. Never was there less complaint of disease, due, no doubt, to plenty of feed and better care.

TO INCREASE THE TREASURY ASSETS.

TO INCREASE THE TREASURY ASSETS.

Secretary Fester has decided upon a line of policy to increase the available assets of the Treasury, and at the same time place the subsidiary silver now in the Treasury in circulation. The plan is to exchange with national tank depositories silver half dollars for currency. There are now 200 national bank depositors, holding \$24,000,000 in currency. In the Treasury there is to-day \$19,000,000 in filter half dollars. This fractional silver is unavailable for current business. The net surplus is less than \$12,000,000, and the current receipts are not more than keeping pace with the daily expenses. Within a month the Treasury bepartment will be called upon to make the quarterly payment on secount of pensions. expenses. Within a month the freadily perpartment will be called upon to make the quarterly payment on account of pensions, about \$50,000,000, with only about \$12,000,000 to meet it. The currency held by the mational bank depositories, if transferred to the treasury, would make the available surplus \$30,000,000, instead of \$12,000,000. It is not Secretary Foster's intention, however, to withdraw at one time from the banks all the currency now in them and replace it with silver half dollars, but to do it gradually as the needs of the Department may domand. In connection with this plan Secretary Foster is thinking of permitting national bank depositories to have \$1,15 for \$1 in 4 per cent, bonds instead of \$1.10, as at present, provided they take the difference in the silver half dollars. This will place at once \$1,000,000 subsidiary coin in circulation. The reason the Department officials are now preparing to carry out in all its details the general proposition is above outlined.

EXPORTS AND IMPORTS STATISTICS.

EXPORTS AND IMPORTS STATISTICS.

The Bureau of Statistics of the Treasury Department has just issued a statement of the exports and imports for the twelve menths ended March Sist which shows Exports of merchandise valued at \$872.010,377; imports for the same period, \$885,631,429, excess of exports over imports, \$36,378,367. Exports of gold, \$30.869,687; of silver, \$2,307,981; imports of gold, \$18,662,225; silver, \$21,971,106 excess of exports over imports of gold and silver, \$13,278,887.

For the corresponding twelve months end-

THE POSTAL SUBSIDY ACT. | vear. Of the total immigration about 261,000 | vere landed at New York. A SCRIKING CONTRAST.

POSTAL SUBSIDI AUI.

Ishing of Steamship Lines Belween shiern Poris and South America.

TARY BLAINE'S CINCINNATI BOOM.

THE BLAINE'S CINCINNATI BOOM.

THE

Mrs. Hooker enclosed an address she had is-sued, setting forth priovances against the Executive Committee, of which ex-Sen-ator Palmer of Illinois, is chairman, which include numer us charges, among the prioritial of which is that the committee for the lady managers have not been dilived to meet often enough. In the address Mrs. Hooker, as the oldest member, appeals to the ladies not to legislate until their wrongs are righted. In her letter to Secretary Foster she asked: "Then to whom will the 13, 000 given by Congress for the use of the Board of Lady Managers be paid, and

of the Board of Lady Managers be paid, and for what purposes?

Secretary Foster in reply says: "I am of the opinion that the sum of \$55,000 named in the appropriations can only be expended by authority of the World's Columbian Commission, and that the commission must determine in what manner the money shall be expended. The entire drift of Mrs. Hooker seems a desire on the part of the lady managers vicual loose from the general commission and run their end independently."

CPARTAL NOTES.

a., has been discontinued; mail to Jane. General Francis A. Walker, of Boston, was also elected vice-president of the National cademy of Science, to succeed Professor

ngiev.

r. Arthur Anthews, of Berlin, was pre-tated with the Watsen medal in recognition his work in determining the fixed position

of stars.

The Academy will devote to morrow to the election of new members.

A committee from the Dairymen's National Protective Association called on Secretary Foster this morning and preferred charges against the collector of the internal revenue at Philadelphia and his assistants for laxity of dury in the non-enforcement of the oleo-marges rise law.

argerine law.
The Senate Finance Committee met this orning for the purpose of determining its area of preceding under the resolution dicting the committee to make an investigam into the workings of the McKinley Tariff w. A sub-committee consisting of Messrs, Uson McKinley I. n into the workings of the McKinley Parin,
v. A sub-committee consisting of Messrs,
ison, Aldrich, Hiscock, Carlisleand Harris,
s appointed to prosecute the inquiry. It
if first collect statistical information, and
if not until later in the year, at least, take
y testimony. The sub-committee will
get noxt week.

next week.

veterans of the Sixth Massachusetts
out I spont the day in sight-seeing at the
interesting points in and about the NaCapital. To-night the Washington
Infantry corps gave the visitors a recepthe area.

SMALL POX IN BRISTOL.

Much Excitement Caused by the Appearance

the past few days on account of the discovery of a case of small pox in the heart of the city. Most of the worrying has been done by the nearces, into whose cars some equally terrorized whites have been pouring their take of woe. The city authorities acted promptly in the matter and immediately placed a cordon around the house where the sick man was, and to-day an ordinance was sened by the Common Council, directing every citizen to be re-vaccinated. The Council also had a temporary hospital creeted on a vacant lot about two miles from town, and on sunday night at 12 o'clock the patient was removed to the isolated spot. No new cases have been heard of, and a feeling of increased security seems to be prevalent.

To-day a merry party of journalists of this city, accompanied by their best girls, set out to attend the annual meeting of the Tennessee Press Association. The party consisted of Misses Margie Seneker. Estelle Caldwell, Julia Slack, Irene McDowell, and Miss Alice Vergie, Messra, Charles H. Slack, Harry Dodd, B. W. Virgie and C. B. Cook, of the beauty and intelligence contected with the press of this city. They will be gone ten days or two weeks, and will in all probability visit several points in Arkansas, Mississippi and Tennessee, including Nashville and Chatanooga at which latter place they will visit

days or two weeks, and will in all probability visit several points in Arkansas. Mississippi and Tennessee, including Nashville and Chattanooga, at which latter place they will visit Isoskout Mountain.

The heat for the past three days has been almost overpowering in its intensity, and hot weather at this time of the year does not seem to have been known before by the oldest inhabitants.

THE INTERVIEW INCORRECT. Ex-President Cleveland Says the Report Is Generally Embellished.

NEW YORK, April 22.- Ex-President Cleveland was asked to-day by a United Press reporter if Mr. Stephens' version of his converland was asked to-day by a United Fress reporter if Mr. Stephens' version of his conversation with Mr. Cleveland, and his statement of the latter's views on the silver question were correctly reported. Mr. Cleveland said: "I have just read the report. It seems to me, from my reading of it, that it has been generally embellished, and expressions put into my mouth that were never uttered by me, but are expressions used by another gentleman who was present. While some of the opinions may be regarded as partly my views upon the subject of silver coinage, yet there are so many other expressions credited to me that it would require considerable weeding out before the supposed conversations could be strictly termed an accurate report. I see a good many people, and Mr. Stephens came to me as a visitor from a distant State. I desired to treat him courteously, but it is scarcely fair treatment to me that he should run off to a newspaper office, report my supposed utterances and place me in the position of being interviewed by several newspaper men upon the strength of a garbled and embellished report."

The above was read over to Mr. Cleveland by the reporter, and the ex-President said, "That's about right."

For the corresponding twelve months ending March 31, 1890, the excess of the experts over imports of gold and silver was \$25,285,183. The total experts of merchandise of coin and bullion for the same period in 1891 show excess of experts over imports of \$49,652,794; for 1850 the excess was \$129,908,717. The statement shows a balance of trade in favor of the United States on merchandise of more than \$28,000,000, but the out-go of coin is against the United States of merchandise of more than \$26,000,000, but the out-go of coin is against the United States was \$159,900,010, leaving the total balance in favor of the United States of twenty-two and three-quarter millions on the general average.

For the nine months ending March 31, 1891, the immigration into the United States was \$16,237, against 254,404 for the same period last

THEY UNFURL THE RED FLAG.

Leader of the Strikers in a Speech Insults the Stars and Stripes.

MORE RIOTING IN THE COKE REGION.

Debuty Sheriffs Routed by an Inforiated Mob While Ejecting the Strikers-A Young Girl Killed.

SCOTTDALE, Pa. April 24. - Over 3,500 strikers marched here this afternoon and listened to addresses by their leaders. The meeting was held at the lower end of the town, and Red ribbons were worn by many, and con trary to expectation the red flag was to be

seen.

Alexander Jonas, the noted Socialist, was the first speaker. He said if the newspapers wanted to be backed their mission was to invoke riot and bloodshed. He sooke at length in German and English. Feating to the Stars and Stripes he said: Under that flag John Brown was hung, Parsons and others in Cheago assassinated and your brothers at Motowood murdered. I choose the red flag, because it represents the pureblood that flows in the veins of houest workingmen, it represents purity and honor. Under the stars and stripes, black slavery was abolished, and the red flag simply means that while slavery must be abolished.

Delaber, the Socialist leader, next spoke, and admonished the men to stay out till May ist, when the great eight-hour movement would be inaugurted. He said instead of the five hundred Italians arriving in the coke region to-day, much money hai arrived.

Many other labor leaders also spoke. A blackleg who was found in the crowd narrow-live scaped with his life.

A SECOND RIOT OCCURS.

Uniontown, Pa., April 22—A second riot occurred at Adelande at 4 o'clock this afternoon. A Hungarian girl was shot during the riot by her lover by mistake, and is reported dead. During the second eviction of a Hungarian family which had gone back in their house the sherif and deputies were attacked by a mob. One Hungarian drew a revolver and threatened to shoot the sheriff when Deputy Crawford started to take the revolver from the man. In the melec two shots were fired, one of which hit the Hungarian's sweetheart, who had gotten between the deputy and the Hungarian, in the breast. Another shot cut the sheriff sthumb. The girl was carried into an adjoining house and shortly after was reported dead. Company Carrived about this time and the mob dispersed.

The strikers afterwards swore out a warrant for Deputy Crawford's arrest, but he waived the arrest to take the three prisoners to jail. The deputy says the Hungarian tried to shoot Sheriff McCormick.

It is stated at a late hour to-night that in the fight between the sheriff's deputies and the mob two women were fatally shot, one of whom died in a few minutes and the other cannot live. The sheriff used every precaution to prevent a conflict, but his labor was in vain.

The EVICTORS BOUTED. A SECOND RIOT OCCURS.

THE EVICTORS ROUTED.

THE EVICTORS ROUTED.

SCOTTDALK, PA., April 22.—This morning Deputy Sheriff Crawford and a large posse of deputies went to Adelaide to serve writs of ejectment, and were met with determined resistence. After evicting a couple of families they were attacked from all sides by an infurated mob of strikers and women. A riot followed, in which both sides put up a game battle. The deputies were routed, however, and Sheriff Crawford and a few assistants badly injured.

and Sherii Crawford and badly injured.

The affair caused much excitement in town and the strikers are becoming bold. Company C has been summoned to the scene to aid in the evictions.

Another car load of imported labor arrived in the coke region this morning.

FARMERS AS FAKIRS.

They Raise Money for Their Brethren Which is Not Authorized.

BUFFALO, N. Y., April 22.-A few weeks ago two strangers, apparently farmers, arrived two strangers, apparently farmers, arrived here and registered at the Mechants' Exchange as A. A. Paine and Christopher Rott, of Elendale, N. D. They told members of the exchange that the people of North Dakota were suffering intensely for food, clothing and money, owing to the complete failure of crops and pleaded for assistance. They exhibited a letter from Judge Gresham, of Chicago, saying that the money was needed for the suffering people, and stating that \$1,500 had been raised in Chicago to relieve the distress. A sing sum of money was raised for them, and they were sent to the Mayor's office for more. The Mayor grew suspicious and wrote to Governor Burke, of North Dakota, for a true statement on the subject before turning over the money. An answer was received to-day showing conclusively that the farmers were not authorized to collect money.

The Governor says: "There are, no doubt, some cases of worthy charity in McIntosh county, but as neither the county nor State have as yet exhausted their resources in supplying the wants of the people. I am of the opinion that the authorities would prefer to use all efforts within their power before asking for outside aid." A letter was received some time ago from South Dakota stating that the people there did not need help.

ENDOFTHE POW-WOW. here and registered at the Mechants' Exchange

END OF THE POW-WOW.

The National Republican League Adopt Resolutions and Adjourn.

CINCINNATI, O., April 22.—The delegates were slow in assembling for the second day's session of the National Republican League. session of the National Republican League, and it was almost 11 o'clock when Chairman Thurston rapped for order. Among the first delegates to put in their appearance were those from Indiana, and they seemed to have forgotten the episode of yesterday caused by the failure of ex-Governor Foraker and Chairman Thurston to mention the name of President Harrison in their speeches and Foraker's allusion to Blaine's magnificent administration.

tion.
The committee's selection of Indianapolis as the next place of meeting probably had much to do with conciliating matters. A ma-jority of delegates of Indiania, however, are opposed to holding the League convention before the date of the National Republican

Convention.

A petition signed by Mayor Pingree and many other prominent citizens of Detroit was presented to the convention this morning to have the National League meet in that city

HARRISON'S REGRETS,

Letters of regret were read from President Harrison, ex-Senators Evarts and Sherman, Secretary Froctor, General Alger, and others. The President's letter says:
"I regret that I shall be unable either to at-tend the convention or to give by letter any extended counsel. The conventions of the Republican party and the legislation of the lest Converse however, very clearly Republican party and the legislation of the last Congress have, however, very clearly defined and very courageously presented the issues upon which the next contest must be waged. To those convention declarations I give an assent of deep conviction, and to the important legislation of the last Congress my earnest support. If the people of the United States will now give the world to understand that protection and the enlargement of our domestic industries, the extension of our foreign trade by a reciprocity agreement not inconsistent with our protective policy, and the revival of our merchant marine by methods that all other nations use, is our settled policy, we will speedily, I am sure, realize a marvellous development and renewed prosperity." RESOLUTIONS REPORTED.

The report of the Committee on Resident was that The resolutions end

the administration of President Harrison; endorses Speaker Heed and the Republicans of the last House; declare for protection and favor reciprocity; oppose any attempt to debase the coin of the country, but demand such an increase of the currency as can be made with due regard to the best interests of the country declare that soldiers and subors who sarved the country shall not be forgotten by the Republican party, recommend legislation prohibiting the immigration of the panjers and criminals and persons so alien from us in ideas that they cannot be assemilated in politics, and affirm the right of every citizen of this country to cast one ballot and have it fairly counted.

After some debate the resolution restricting immigration was stricken out and the rest of the resolutions as reported were adopted.

Hop. John S. Clarkson, of lows, and W. U. Tracey were put in momination for president of the League, but Mr. Tracy's name was withdrawn and General Clarkson was nominated by accimation.

A. B. Humphrey, of New York, was elected secretary

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A. B. Humphrey, or Accessors and the secretary.

The Committee on Location for the next convention reported in favor of Indianapolis, but the convention decided to leave the place for holding it discretionary with the Executive Committee, but resolved that it shall be held three weeks after the Republican National Convention. The League then adjourned.

IN THE GOLDEN STATE.

The President Cailed Upon by Indian Beggars in California.

Tuesen, Ass., April 22,-The train bearing the Presidential party arrived at Tueson last the Presidential party arrived at Tueson last night promptly on time. The principal incidents of the run from El Paso were the short stope made at Denaing. N. M. Bowie, Wiley, and Benson, Arizona. The President was received at each of these places by military sainte and was heartly cheered. The national colors were conspicuous everywhere. The President made a short speech at Dening, He said.

I feel a great interest in our people, and hunking that you have labored under a disadvantage of the unsettled state of your titles, because no country can settle up and become populous while the titles of its land remain insecure, it was my pleasure to urge upon Congress, it both general and special message, the establishment of a special land court to settle this question once for all, [Cheers.]

court to settle this question once for all. [Cheers.]
I am glad that statute is now law, and immediately upon my return from this trip I expect to announce the judges of that court and to set them immediately to work upon these cases, so that you shall certainly within two years have all these questions settled. I hope you will then see the increase of population that has not as yet been possible, and which will tend to develop your great mineral resources and open up your lands to settlement. (Cheers.]
The Presidential party had a royal reception at Tueson, which was brilliantly illuminated. The President made a speech from the rear platform, and afterwards shook hands with all in reach as the train left for Los Angeles.

CALLED UPON BY INDIAN BESIGNAS.

CALLED UPON BY INDIAN BEGGARS.

Indio, Cal., April 22.—Before leaving this station a delegation of Cubulla Indians pre-ented the President a petition asking for

station a delegation of Cultuilla Indians presented the President a petition asking for
assistance.

The route from Indio northward was up a
heavy grade and three engines drew the train
along slowly. The scenery in the valley between San Jucinto and San Bernardino
mountains was much admired by the
President, Banning, a health resort,
gave the President a floral
wolcome. The Indian children from the mission school near by loaded the back platform
of the car with all sorts of wild flowers, and
the white children in the crowd pelied the
Presidential party with bunches of poppy
years. The President made a short speech
of thanks to the people, and received three
cheers and an anvil salute in return.

At Beaumont more flowers were presented
to the party, and at Colton, where the train
arrived at 12:30 this at moon, another floral
reception was given. The station building
was profusely decorated with flags and the
school children of the town waved banners
and cheered as the train halted. Reception
committees from the towns of Redlowns,
Sabernido and Colton, were also on hand.
The President was introduced by Governor
Markham, and made a few remarks which
were loudly applauded. The train left Colton
at 12:35 amid the strains of "America" by a
brass band.

AN OVATION IN LOS ANGELES.
Los ANGELES, CAL, April 22—The Presidential party arrived here at 3 P. M. in cars

Los Angeles railroad station held a good-dential party arrived here at 3 P. M. in cars laden with fragrant flowers and California fruits. At Colton Mayor Hazard and the Los Angeles reception committee met the party. The Los Angeles railroad station held a good-station of the party and the station held a good-Angeles reception committee actual according to the Los Angeles railroad station held a good-natured, strugging, enthusiastic mass of people. When the train rolled in cheer followed cheeras the President alighted with Governor Markham and walked through a line of policemen to a profusely decorated carriage drawn by four horses. Military and civic organizations had been forming along the principal streets, and as the President's carriage based along the G. A. R. Posts, military, civic societies and carriages containing State and local officers and local committeemen fell into line. The President stood creet in his carriage, knee deep in flowers. He received a continuous ovation from the station to the city hall, where a grand and had been erected. The buildings and streets were profusely decorated with flowers and bunting, and several thousand people were packed in a solid mass around the stand.

mass around the stand.

When the crowd had finished cheering the appearance of the President, Mayor Hazard inade an address of welcome and Governor Markam introduced the Chief Executive, who made a brief speech, paying tribute to the American flag and American institutions, Postmaster-General Wanamaker and Secretary Rusk also spoke and were loudly cheered. To-night the whole city turned out and a public reception was given at the Hazard pavilion, which was decorated outside and in with flowers.

The President, Governor Markham, Mayor M. Hazard and Messrs, Wanamaker and Rusk made short speeches, and after the President had shaken hands with a large number of people present he and the other

resident had shaken hands with a large number of people present he and the other members of the party were conveyed to the Union League Club and entertained by its members. From the club the presidential party returned to the train and retired for the night. The train left at 1 A. M. for San Diego.

The "Thunderer" on Harrison.

The "Thunderer" on Harrison.

[By Cable to the Times.]

London, April 22.—The Times says that the programme of President Harrison reminds it of the milkmaid and the overturned pail. When reckoning on the potential riches, if his calculations are indisputably sound, the Senate committee on inquiry on the effect of the McKinley law is unnecessary. The Times adds: "But lavish projects are useful election year to disguise from the tax-payers the effect of the McKinley law."

An Exciting Mill.

An Exciting Mill.

Denver, Col., April 22.—A Union Pacific special took a crowd of 1,500 people to Semer station, sixteen miles from this city, to witness what proved to be a rattling good mill between Reddy Brennan, the Streator wonder, and Cockney Sterling, a Colorado pugilist. The fight was with two-ounce gloves and was fought in twenty rounds. It was give and take from the start, both men being very gamey. The Streater boy had the most science and after the tenth round had the best of it. In the mineteenth round Brennan knocked Sterling groggy, but he managed to come to the scratch for the twentieth, when he got a blow square between the eyes, which knocked him senseless, and the fight was over

Cuicago, April 22.—Bob Fitzsimmons and Jim riall signed articles to-night to fight to a finish, Marquis of Queensbury rules, with four-ounce gloves, for a purse of \$12,090, in either Minneapolis or St. Paul, on July 22d. The loser will get \$1,000.

Norrola, Va., April 22.—Secretary Blaine passes through this city above his way home from Virginia Bearts

"WE WANT NO THIRD PARTY."

President Polk on the Objects of the Farmers' Alliance.

A MORE ECONOMICAL ADMINISTRATION.

The Authenticity of the Jones Letter Denied-A President and State Lecturer to

Honnellsville, N. Y., April 22.—Colonel L. L. Polk, president of the National Farmers' Alliance; Rev. B. R. Davis, chaplain of the Georgia Alliance, and other officers of that organization met 150 delegates from the State Farmers' Alliance here to-day. The morning's session was public, and the delegates were addressed by Henry Hicks and T. B. Maguire, who expressed themselves as being in sympathy with the object of the Alliance. No business was

At half-past one the convention reassem-bled and was presided over by President Polk. His address consumed nearly the en-tire arternoon, and was devoted to the work of the organization.

PRESIDENT POLK SPEAKS.

PRISIDENT FOLK SPEAKS.

He outlined the work done in the West and South and spoke emphatically on the question of politics. He declared that the Alliance was no asylum for discruritled politicians, and advised the local bodies to shan anything in the nature of politics. We want no third party, he said, but a just and reasonable set of laws for the farmer and a more economical administration of the Government.

At the conclusion of his address the regular routine committees were appointed, and also a committee to report on the Tax Listing bill, which report, when presented, is expected to cause a sensation.

All the meetings during the day were behind closed doors, and the members left the hall under injunctions of secrecy.

WILL ELECT A PRESIDENT.

WILL ELECT A PRESIDENT. This evening President Polk addressed an audience which filled the hall. To morrow the Alliance will elect a president and State lecturer. President Polk was asked to night about the alleged letter written by his former private secretary. Rittenhouse, to Lieutenant-Geyerner Jones, which caused such a sensation in Alliance circles.

divernor Jones, which caused such a sensa-tion in Alliance circles.

Mr. Polk said he knew nothing about the letter. "I have had nothing to do with Rit-tenhouse since the 2d of December last and have not seen or heard from him in three mouths. I can only account for his having the letter heads by saying that he probably took them from my office when he left it in December."

LOOKS BAD FOR PARNELL.

The Anti-Parnellites Report That a General Election Would Result in His Defeat.

(By Cable to The Times.) DUBLIN, April 22.—The National Press (Mc-Carthylite), referring to Mr. Redmond's statement of yesterday's meeting of the Tenants' ment of yesterday's meeting of the Tenants' Defense League, to the effect that a continuance of the plan of campaign was impossible, because, with the exception of the fund new held in Paris, there was no money wherewith to continue the warfare. "Parnell's last clumsy trick ended in the evicted tenants being abandoned to their fate. Had Tarnell yieldoffer a short time to the duty of patrictism the mission to the United States, which was auspiciously commenced, would have placed the evicted tenants out of danger, but he wrecked it recklessly and unserupulously. Redmond's andacious declaration means that Parnell has closed the Paris fund, and that while he cannot take it himself he will not let the evicted tenants have it."

AGAINST THE PANELLITES.

AGAINST THE PARNELLITES.

The report of the anti-Parnellite members of Parliament who have canvassed the whole of Ireland have been collected. A calcution based on these reports show that a granular collection in Ireland would result in the ousting of twenty-six Parnellite members of the House—if Commons, including Mr. Parnellitinself. Tarce seats would, however, probably be enptured by Farnellite nominees, namely Dublin, Mayo and Clare. The Unionists are expected to defeat Messrs, McCarthy, Sexten, Henry Campbell, William Redmond and Sir Thomas Gratton Edmond. This would leave the strength of the different Irish parties. McCathyites, 72; Parnellites, 9; Unionists, 22.

III Fate of an Armenian Girl.

(By Cable to The Times.) London, April 22.—Considerable excitement Londox, April 22.—Considerable excitement prevails on the Armenian frontier, owing to the fate of an Armenian girl named Mikirtitch, who escaped from a Turkish haren at Riza and got as far as the Russian frontier, where she was captured, and, it is said, carried back to Riza and murdered.

The girl had been kidnapped two years before the back to Riza and murdered.

fore from her house in Russian Armenia, and sold to a wealthy Moslemairisa. When the story became known to the refugee Armenians on the Russian side of the border they were with difficulty, restrained from crossing the frontier to invade Turkish

Charges Against a King. By Cable to the Times.

London, April 22.— News has been received here from Bathurst, West Africa, capital of the British colony of Gambia, that the native King of Gambia has committed a number of depredations and inflicted abuses from which depreciations and inflicted abuses from which the British colonists were sufferers. In con-sequence of this the British Governor of Gam-bia, Gilbert Thomas Carter, C. M. G., has sent an envoy up the Gambia river to the town which the native King makes his head-quarters.

No Credence Given to the Report.

[By Cable to The Times.] LONDON, April 22.—No faith is attached here Loxdon, April 22.—No faith is attached hers to the statement that all the Jews have been ordered to quit St. Petersburg. Jewish artisans have been ordered to go unless favored with special exemptions, but the wealthy body of the Jewish merchants, practitioners, etc., have not been, and are not likely to be, as a body, interfered with. Some of the mercantile and banking Jews have the actual favor of the Czar.

(By Cable to The Times)

(By Cable to The Times)

London, April 22.—In the House of Commons to-day the bill enabling trustees of religious bodies to acquire compulsorily the free-hold of the places of worship upon payment of compensation passed to a second reading by a vote of 218 to 110. The measure is intended to place dissension bodies on an equality with the Church of England as to the ownership of the places of worship.

The Governor Blamed.

Lisson, April 22.—The Governor of Porta-guese Guinea, west coast of Africa, is blamed by the Government for the revolt of the natives, which resulted in the raising of the French flag, the overpowering of the Porta-guese garrison on the Island of Bissao and the massacre of officers and soldiers stationed there. The governor will at once be removed.

(By Cable to The Times.)

BERLIN, April 22.—It has been decided to allow the electors a free hand in the re-balloting in Geestemunde, Hanover, for a member of the Reichstag. The agreement is considered to assure the election of Prince Bis-

The Expedition of Boers. (By Cable to the Times.)

hostility to great Britain. The President answered that he had discouraged the expedition sent for the supposed leader.

Foreign Notes of Interest.

A lady who has died in Glasgow has be-uesthed £70,000 to General Booth for the questhed £70,000 to General Booth for the Salvation Army.

Two thousand of the striking spinners of Braiford yesterday held a meeting and re-solved to offer to return to work on Monday

The Government of Italy has expelled a large number of Anarchists from Rome. They had been agitating for a general strike on

Count von Hatzfeldt, the German Ambassa-dor to Great Britan, has been confined to his bed for the past few days. He is suffering from influenza.

The libel suit of John W. Mackay, of Paris, aginst the Galignani Messenger has been decided in Mackay's favor. It is reported that Manager Graham, of the paper, has absecuded.

The Bulgarian Government has sent a com-

The Bulgarian Government has sent a communication to the Servian Government demanding the surrender of a man named Rizoff, who is alleged to have threatened to assessmate Fremier Stambouloff.

The British expedition advancing on Manipur reports that the Manipuris retreat before them. They have found several headless corpess on the line of the march supposed to be those of the prisoners who tried to escape from the Manipuris.

At the election for a member of the House of Commons from the Mid-Oxford, Woodstock division of Oxfordshire, Tuesday, Mr. Morrill (Liberal-Unionist was elected, receiving 4.44s votes, as against 3,760 for Mr. Benoon, the Gladstone candidate.

The British steamer La Plata, from Brazil-

the Gladstone candidate.

The British steamer La Plata, from Brazilian ports, arrived at Southampton yesterday. She reports that three deaths from yellow fever occurred on board of her during the passage from Brazil. Among the three vistims was the purser of the La Plata.

An anonymous pamphlet, of which Prince Bismarck is supposed to be the author, has been published in Dresden. The pamphlet is entitled "The Ruin of Austria," and among other things it suggests that Germany's truest policy is an alliance with Russia and Italy. Frince Bismarck, this publication adds, would unheaitatingly allow Russia to pursue her historically mapped-out route to Constantinople through Bulgaria, if that would avert a crisis.

OPENING OF THE LEAGUE. Inauguration of The Championship Season

Gives Boston a Victory. NEW YORK, April 22.—The National League championship season opened here to-day in a blaze of glory. There was music and a parade, and over 15,000 persons attended the game. The spectators witnessed a magnificient battle and were well repaid for the trouble of their long journey. Every inch of ground was stubbornly fought, but the victory finally fell into the lap of the visitors. This result was gained by a clever rally at the bat in the ninth, when defeat stared them in the face.

OPENING OF THE LEAUGUE IN PITTSBURG. OPENING OF THE LEAGURE IN PITTRBURG.

PITTRBURG, PA., April 22.—Five thousand five hundred admirers of the national game witnessed the opening of the League season in this city to-day in a very closely contested match between the Chicago and home nines. The vistors won by an error of Carroll's in the fifth inning, who muffed an easy fly to the right field.

At Fittsburg:

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ncinnatis ... 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 2- 3 evelands ... 3 0 0 0 3 0 0 0 x- 6 Ratteries Mullane and Harrington; Young at Zimmer. Umpire—McQuade.

American Association—At Boston: Bostons Bostons. 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 2 0 - 2
Athletics. 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 - 1
Batteries Buffington and Murphy; Wey.
hing and Cross. Umpire—Snyder.

The Florida Contest.

The Florida Contest,

Tallahasser, Fla., April 22.—The first ballot to-night in the Democratic Senatorial causus resulted: Call, 54; Speer, 40; Blozham, 2.

In the next ballot Call received 57; Speer, 40; Bloxham, 3. Blank 1.

In the third ballot Call lost one vote: Speer lost 3 and Bloxham 2, while State Senator McKinnie and Secretary of State Crawford, and a warm supporter of Senator Call each received one vote.

One more ballot was taken, which resulted: Call, 57; Speer, 40; Bloxham, 1. The caucus then adjourned.

Ex-Secretary Whitney Sued.

Ex-Secretary Whitney Sued.

New Yoas, April 22.—George F. Ormsby, an officer of the navy, has begun suit in the Supreme Court against Fx-Secretary of the Navy Whitney to recover \$50,000 for false arrest and imprisonment. He claims to have been detained on Mares' island from January 26 to March 7, 1889 on an order of the Secretary without known cause to him. He claims the Secretary did not present a true copy of the charges against him as he is required to do in law.

Wedded at Old Point.

Nonrolk, Va., April 22.—A very handsome wedding took place at the chapel at Old Point to-day, the contracting parties being Mr. Charles J. Riley, of Cincinnati, and Miss Mande Bodell, of Old Point, The present were handsome and valuable, and many prominent persons were present.

Brief Telegrams.

For the third time within six months, the postoffice at Greenville, Del., was robbed yesterday morning, and the thief was caught in the act. Two men are now serving terms for robbing the same office.

By an explosion of benzine in the Iron City Galvanizing Works of Pittsburg yesterday afternoon, Charles Arnold, aged twenty-three was fatally burned, and Louis Lense, aged twenty-one, was seriously burned. Loss to buildings, about \$25,000.

Peter Jackson, the publist, is rapidly re-

Peter Jackson, the pugilist, is rapidly re-covering from his injuries, and has notified the Sydney Athletic Club that he will accept its offer for a fight with Joe Goddard for \$5,500. His fight with Corbett will take place on May 21st.

on May 21st.

The street-car strike in Detroit continues. Some disorder has occurred, but none of the episodes have resulted seriously. A number of strikers have been arrested. The street-car companies are giving fair service.

Yesterday Max Hunger, of New York, a German, aged about forty years, fatally shot his sweetheart, Marthy Magosky, aged twenty-three, at the home of William Little, at Roseville, N. J., where she was employed as a servant, and then shot and killed himself. The couple had recently become estranged because of the man's dissipated habits.

London, April 23.—Governor Loch cables from Capetown to the President of the Trans-vaal that the projected expedition of Boers into Mashoniland with the view of establish-ing a ramphic would be treated as an act of